

News Coverage for Website

Daily Media Brief

Monday, March 24, 2025

DAWN

CORPORATE WINDOW: Addressing efforts against sugar mafia

Sugar prices in Pakistan are experiencing an alarming upward trend, reaching unprecedented levels in major cities and exacerbating financial distress for consumers, particularly during the holy month of Ramadan. The Pakistan Bureau of Statistics reported that sugar prices surged to Rs173 per kg by March 14, while in key urban centres such as Islamabad, Lahore, Karachi, Faisalabad, Peshawar, and Quetta, rates have climbed to Rs180-185 per kg.

Incidentally, the recent upward trend in sugar prices started less than a month ago when the Minister for National Food Security and Research Rana Tanveer Hussain announced that the retail price of sugar would be Rs130 per kilogram — similar announcements were made by Prime Minister Shahbaz Sharif himself too. However, in response to the crisis, the prime minister has constituted a 10-member committee, led by Senator Ishaq Dar, to engage with the Pakistan Sugar Mills Association (PSMA) and negotiate price reductions.

Senator Dar announced that the sugar price should be Rs164 per kg, and it was noted that the primary factor behind this sharp price hike was excessive sugar exports over the past year, totalling 700,000 tonnes.

<https://www.dawn.com/news/1899780/corporate-window-addressing-efforts-against-sugar-mafia>

DAWN

Sugar makes the world go round

They say politicians won't make a promise they could deliver on. The recent so-called sugar price 'crisis' has once again proved this saying right. Prime Minister Shehbaz Sharif, whose own family owns sugar mills in Punjab, had promised not to let the sweetener's rates go up beyond Rs140 a kilo when his administration allowed a portion of the alleged unsold surplus stock from the past two years to be exported a few months back. Yet, the sugar prices have hit the roof, peaking at Rs180 from Rs130 or less at the start of 2025.

This was in spite of consistent fresh supplies to the market from the new harvest that began at the end of November, as well as the unsold stocks that could not be shipped out of the country.

How powerful what many fondly dub the sugar cartel is can be gauged from the unfortunate fact that Deputy Prime Minister Ishaq Dar, who in his heydays would shout down the dollar rates from the Punjab Governor's House, was unable to convince the manufacturers to bring down their ex-factory rates below Rs159, which is higher by Rs19 or 13.5 per cent compared to the earlier maximum agreed threshold. This has allowed, as noted by an Islamabad-based reporter, the mill owners the bonanza of earning higher revenues from local and overseas markets.

This episode must have made the deputy prime minister, who also holds the portfolio of external affairs, feel helpless, if not speechless. He informed the consumers after meeting with the Pakistan Sugar Mills Association (PAMA) that the committee formed by his boss under his chairmanship had agreed to fix retail prices at Rs164 — again 13pc above the rate set when permitting the export of 800,000 metric tonnes of sugar (12pc of the last year's harvest) — for the next month.

With far more political value than nutritional, the sweetener's pricing is diverting the focus of the rulers away from more urgent issues

In return for the favour, Mr Dar made a commitment with the wealthy mill owners that the antitrust watchdog — the Competition Commission of Pakistan (CCP) — would also keep from investigating price-fixing allegations by the cartel. It remains unclear if a deputy prime minister, or even his boss, can interfere with the CCP decisions and shut down its enquiries.

<https://www.dawn.com/news/amp/1899714>

Business Recorder

Sugar hike issue: Senate body summons CCP, PSMA officials

The Senate Standing Committee on Industries and Production has summoned the officials of the Competition Commission of Pakistan (CCP) and the representatives of the Pakistan Sugar Mills Association (PSMA) to determine the factors involved in fixing the sugar price and brief the panel on the recent increase in sweetener prices.

The decision was taken here on Friday during the meeting of the Senate Standing Committee on Industries and Production held under the chairmanship of Senator Aon Abbas to discuss and review the composition of the Sugar Advisory Board (SAB) and its role in defining the sugar price across the country.

The chairman committee expressed serious concerns over the absence of the secretary Ministry of Industries and Production for the third consecutive time. He directed the secretary to ensure his presence at the next meeting.

<https://www.brecorder.com/news/40354184/sugar-hike-issue-senate-body-summons-ccp-psma-officials>

BUSINESS NEWS

Islamabad/
Rawalpindi Edition

CAT dismisses Dairy Farmer Association's appeal

By our correspondent

KARACHI: The Competition Appellate Tribunal (CAT) has resumed hearings after an eight-month pause, dismissing the appeal filed by the Dairy Farmer Association Karachi (DFAK) as withdrawn in its first session.

The tribunal was informed during proceedings that the appeal was not valid, as no adverse order had been made against the appellant. Legal counsel for the Competition Commission of Pakistan (CCP) explained that DFAK was registered as a society under the Societies Registration Act, 1860, and the penalty in question had been imposed on the association's representative rather than the association itself.

The tribunal accepted the CCP's legal argument and

instructed the appellant's counsel to withdraw the appeal. The appeal was then dismissed with the appellant's consent.

In December 2024, the CCP had imposed penalties on representatives of three dairy associations in Karachi for collusive practices aimed at influencing the price of fresh milk, violating the Competition Act, 2010. The penalties included Rs1 million for one representative and Rs500,000 for two others.

The CCP initiated its investigation following media reports of a sharp rise in milk prices across Karachi. The investigation revealed that the three associations were involved in anti-competitive practices that led to significant price increases, impacting consumers in Karachi and surrounding areas.

BUSINESS

The Nation | Islamabad | Saturday, March 22, 2025

09

CAT resumes hearings, dismisses appeal of DFAK

OUR STAFF REPORTER
ISLAMABAD

The Competition Appellate Tribunal (CAT) has resumed hearings after an eight-month hiatus and, in its first session, dismissed the appeal filed by the Dairy Farmer Association Karachi (DFAK) as withdrawn. During the proceedings, the tribunal was informed that the appeal was not maintainable, since no adverse order had been

passed against the appellant. Counsel for the CCP clarified that DFAK was registered as a society under the Societies Registration Act, 1860, and the penalty in question had been imposed on the association's representative, not the association itself. CAT accepted the CCP's legal position and directed the appellant's counsel to withdraw the appeal. With the appellant's consent, the tribunal subsequently dismissed the appeal as withdrawn.

It is pertinent to recall that in December 2024, the CCP had imposed penalties on the representatives of three dairy associations in Karachi for collusive practices aimed at influencing the price of fresh milk—violating Section 4(1) and 4(2)(a) of the Competition Act, 2010. The penalties included Rs1 million on Mr Shadr Umer Gujjar of M/s Dairy and Cattle Farmers Association (DCEA); Rs500,000 each on Mr Haji Akhtar Gujjar of M/s DFAK and

Mr Haji Sikandar Nagori of M/s Karachi Dairy Farmers Association (KDFA). The CCP initiated its inquiry following widespread media reports of a sharp rise in milk prices across Karachi. Investigations confirmed that the three associations, operating at various stages of the fresh milk supply chain, were actively involved in anti-competitive practices that led to a significant price hike affecting consumers in Karachi and surrounding areas.

Business Recorder

CAT dismisses appeal of Dairy Farmer Association Karachi against penalties

The Competition Appellate Tribunal (CAT) has dismissed an appeal filed by the Dairy Farmer Association Karachi (DFAK) as withdrawn.

The DFAK had filed the appeal against penalties imposed last year in December by the Competition Commission of Pakistan (CCP) on the representatives of three dairy associations in Karachi for collusive practices aimed at influencing the price of fresh milk—violating Section 4(1) and 4(2)(a) of the Competition Act, 2010.

During the proceedings, the tribunal was informed that the appeal was not maintainable, since no adverse order had been passed against the appellant, according to a statement released on Friday.

The counsel for the CCP clarified that DFAK was registered as a society under the Societies Registration Act, 1860, and the penalty in question had been imposed on the association's representative, not the association itself.

<https://www.brecorder.com/news/40354099/cat-dismisses-appeal-of-dairy-farmer-association-karachi>

The News

CAT dismisses Dairy Farmer Association's appeal

The Competition Appellate Tribunal (CAT) has resumed hearings after an eight-month pause, dismissing the appeal filed by the Dairy Farmer Association Karachi (DFAK) as withdrawn in its first session.

The tribunal was informed during proceedings that the appeal was not valid, as no adverse order had been made against the appellant. Legal counsel for the Competition Commission of Pakistan (CCP) explained that DFAK was registered as a society under the Societies Registration Act, 1860, and the penalty in question had been imposed on the association's representative rather than the association itself.

<https://www.thenews.com.pk/print/1294052-cat-dismisses>

FERTILIZER INDUSTRY

Food security at risk?



Engr Hussain Ahmad Siddiqui

The fertilizer industry remains highly concentrated, with a few firms dominating production and sales, raising concerns about reduced competition and potential anti-competitive practices.

Pakistan's fertilizer industry plays a vital role in ensuring food security and economic growth. Over the decades, significant investments, capacity expansions, and acquisitions of modern technology have shaped the sector. The industry currently has a combined production capacity of approximately 9.17 million tons per annum, including nine urea plants, one DAP plant, three nitrogen-phosphorus (NP) plants, four SSP plants, two calcium ammonium nitrate (CAN) plants, one sulphate of potash (SOP) plant, and two blended NPK plants. Urea dominates production, accounting for about 70 per cent of total capacity, with an installed capacity of 6.31 million tons per annum.

The fertilizer sector is controlled by a few dominant players, with the top five companies till recently, accounting for



about 95 per cent of sales. Despite its profitability, Pakistan's fertilizer industry faces challenges such as gas supply issues, regulatory policies, import dependency, infrastructure constraints, and environmental concerns. Natural gas is a critical feedstock for urea production, but supply fluctuations have led to underutilisation of production capacity. For example, in 2013-2014 the industry operated at about 75 per cent of total capacity due to gas shortages.

As of February 2023, the government has been phasing out subsidised natural gas allocations for fertilizer companies. Historically, these subsidies aimed to support domestic production and to ensure affordable prices for farmers. However, in May 2024, the federal government discontinued gas subsidies, citing inefficiencies in price

A collaborative effort among the government, industry stakeholders and the farming community is essential to ensuring the long-term viability of Pakistan's fertilizer industry. Strengthening regulatory oversight, enhancing market competition and prioritising transparency in gas pricing and distribution can help stabilise the sector

reductions for farmers. Instead, producers and intermediaries absorbed financial benefits, leading to profiteering and fertilizer smuggling to neighbouring countries. The government esti-

mated that approximately Rs60 billion in subsidies were not reaching farmers, with an additional Rs30 billion lost due to informal channels.

Earlier, in February 2024, the government raised natural gas prices for the fertilizer sector by about 175 per cent, from approximately Rs580 per MMBtu to Rs1,597 per MMBtu. This increase was part of broader energy reforms aimed at reducing cross-subsidies, aligning domestic gas prices with international levels, addressing circular debt and promoting efficient gas use. The removal of gas subsidies reflects a shift towards direct farmer support to ensure targeted benefits. However, rising gas prices have increased fertilizer production costs, leading to higher retail prices for farmers.

Regulatory policies on gas tariffs and subsidies significantly impact production costs and profitability, with inconsistent policies creating uncertainty and affecting investments. While urea production largely meets domestic demand, Pakistan relies on imports for other fertilizers, such as DAP and potash, exposing the industry to international market fluctuations, logistics constraints and foreign exchange volatility. Infrastructure limitations further hinder efficient fertilizer distribution, causing delays and added costs, particularly in remote areas.

The increasing dominance of a few players in the fertilizer industry raises serious concerns about cartelisation. Limited competition allows these firms to dictate prices, potentially leading to exploitative pricing strategies at the expense of farmers. Government intervention, through stricter regulations and market oversight, is crucial to ensuring that fertilizer remains affordable and accessible. The Competition Commission of Pakistan (CCP) must actively monitor anti-competitive behaviour and enforce laws that prevent monopolistic control.

Fertilizer production and excessive usage have also raised environmental concerns, including soil degradation and water pollution. Sustainable practices are necessary to mitigate these effects. Addressing these challenges requires policy reforms, infrastructure investment, diversification of raw material sources and the promotion of sustainable agriculture.

A collaborative effort among the government, industry stakeholders and the farming community is essential to ensuring the long-term viability of Pakistan's fertilizer industry. Strengthening regulatory oversight, enhancing market competition and prioritising transparency in gas pricing and distribution can help stabilise the sector, support agricultural growth, and ensure food security.

The writer is a retired chairman of the State Engineering Corporation and former member (PT) of the Pakistan Nuclear Regulatory Authority.

The Nation

CAT resumes hearings, dismisses appeal of DFAK

The Competition Appellate Tribunal (CAT) has resumed hearings after an eight-month hiatus and, in its first session, dismissed the appeal filed by the Dairy Farmer Association Karachi (DFAK) as withdrawn. During the proceedings, the tribunal was informed that the appeal was not maintainable, since no adverse order had been passed against the appellant. Counsel for the CCP clarified that DFAK was registered as a society under the Societies Registration Act, 1860, and the penalty in question had been imposed on the association's representative, not the association itself. CAT accepted the CCP's legal position and directed

the appellant's counsel to withdraw the appeal. With the appellant's consent, the tribunal subsequently dismissed the appeal as withdrawn.

<https://www.nation.com.pk/22-Mar-2025/cat-resumes-hearings-dismisses-appeal-of-dfak>

BUSINESS

The Nation

Islamabad | Monday, March 24, 2025

09

CCP intensifies efforts to promote fair competition

NEWS WIRE
ISLAMABAD

The Competition Commission of Pakistan (CCP) has made substantial progress in its efforts to promote fair competition, dismantle cartels, and enhance market transparency across the economy. Under the leadership of its newly appointed chairman, Dr Kabir Sidhu, the CCP has refocused on resolving legal backlogs, strengthening its enforcement framework, and implementing proactive reforms that are reshaping the competitive landscape in Pakistan.

A top priority for the CCP has been resolving long-pending legal cases, according to data issued by CCP here the other day. By submitting early hearing applications in the Competition Appellate Tribunal (CAT) and High Courts, the Commission has made strides in clearing its backlog. So far, 46 cases have been dismissed in favor of the CCP by the CAT, while additional cases have been resolved by the Lahore and Islamabad High Courts. These cases, which addressed violations such as cartelization, abuse of dominant market position, and deceptive marketing, represent a significant victory for the Commission.

The courts' decisions to uphold CCP's orders and penalties reinforce its authority, ensuring that businesses are held accountable for anti-competitive practices. To expedite case resolutions, the CCP has overhauled its legal team, bringing in highly experienced lawyers. This restructuring has significantly reduced the Commission's dependence on external legal counsel, cutting costs while improving the efficiency of legal proceedings. With a stronger in-house team, the CCP is now better equipped

to handle the enforcement of competition laws across the country. In last one year, the CCP imposed Rs275 million in penalties on businesses involved in cartelization, collusion, and deceptive marketing in sectors such as paint manufacturing, pharmaceuticals, dairy, and fast-moving consumer goods (FMCG).

The Commission also issued 32 show-cause notices to firms in fertilizer, real estate, education, public procurement, telecom, and power distribution for violating competition laws. The CCP successfully resolved 73 court cases, recovered over Rs100 million in penalties through legal action, marking its highest-ever recovery since inception. No-

between Rs200,000 and Rs2,000,000, with full confidentiality assured. This new approach signals a stronger commitment to protecting consumer rights and ensuring that businesses compete fairly in the market. The CCP continues to be active in enforcing competition laws, recently concluding 10 major inquiries under Sections 3 and 4 of the Competition Act. These include cases of price fixing by the Pakistan Flour Mills Association and refusal-to-deal violations by the Pakistan Film Producers Association. Additionally, eight inquiries under Section 10 have been completed, addressing issues related to deceptive marketing. In the area of mergers and acquisitions, the CCP has issued 65 Phase-I and one Phase-II orders across sectors such as banking, insurance, logistics, and health. The smooth processing of these applications has attracted PKR 29 billion in Foreign Direct Investment (FDI), creating jobs and contributing to Pakistan's economic growth.

As part of its broader mission, the CCP has conducted four research studies under the IMF's Public Investment Management Assessment (PIMA) Action Plan. These studies have assessed competition in key markets like power, road construction, insurance, and LNG, providing critical insights into how competition can be enhanced in these sectors. On the international front, the CCP has strengthened ties with countries such as China, Russia, and South Korea, signing Memoranda of Understanding (MoUs) to enhance coordination and information sharing on competition-related issues. The Competition Commission of Pakistan (CCP) is proactively ensuring a fair and competitive market, benefiting both consumers and businesses.

A top priority for CCP has been resolving long-pending legal cases

table cases involved wheat flour cartels, energy sector collusion, deceptive FMCG marketing, and steel industry price-fixing. The CCP's Market Intelligence Unit (MIU), established by Dr Sidhu has proven instrumental in identifying over 125 instances of market manipulation. By leveraging advanced data analytics and monitoring tools, the MIU enables the CCP to detect anti-competitive activities before they cause economic harm.

Recognizing the role of public cooperation, the CCP has introduced a whistleblower reward program encouraging individuals to report collusion, price-fixing, or market manipulation. Verified informants will receive rewards

Ajj News

DFAK's appeal dismissed by CAT

The Competition Appellate Tribunal (CAT) has officially dismissed the appeal filed by the Dairy Farmer Association Karachi (DFAK), stating it was withdrawn during proceedings.

The tribunal highlighted that the appeal was not maintainable as no adverse order had been issued against the appellant.

In a statement released on Friday, representatives from the Competition Commission of Pakistan (CCP) clarified that DFAK is registered under the Societies Registration Act of 1860, and the penalties imposed were directed at the association's representative, rather than the association itself.

Following this clarification, CAT accepted the CCP's legal position and directed the appellant's counsel to withdraw the appeal, which was accordingly dismissed.

This dismissal comes in the wake of penalties imposed last December on representatives of three dairy associations in Karachi for engaging in collusive practices that affected fresh milk pricing, violating the Competition Act of 2010.

<https://english.aaj.tv/news/330408143/dfaks-appeal-dismissed-by-cat>

Associate Press of Pakistan

CAT resumes hearings, dismisses appeal of dairy farmer association Karachi

The Competition Appellate Tribunal (CAT) has resumed hearings after an eight-month hiatus and, in its first session, dismissed the appeal filed by the Dairy Farmer Association Karachi (DFAK) as withdrawn.

During the proceedings, the Tribunal was informed that the appeal was not maintainable, since no adverse order had been passed against the appellant. Counsel for the Competition Commission of Pakistan (CCP) clarified that DFAK was registered as a society under the Societies Registration Act, 1860, and the penalty in question had been imposed on the association's representative, not the association itself, said a press release issued here on Friday.

CAT accepted the CCP's legal position and directed the appellant's counsel to withdraw the appeal.

With the appellant's consent, the Tribunal subsequently dismissed the appeal as withdrawn.

It is pertinent to recall that in December 2024, the CCP had imposed penalties on the representatives of three dairy associations in Karachi for collusive practices aimed at influencing the price of fresh milk violating Section 4(1) and 4(2)(a) of the Competition Act, 2010.

<https://www.app.com.pk/business/cat-resumes-hearings-dismisses-appeal-of-dairy-farmer-association-karachi/>

Bloom Pakistan

CAT Resumes Hearings, Dismisses Appeal of Dairy Farmer Association Karachi

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<https://bloompakistan.com/cat-resumes-hearings-dismisses-appeal-of-dairy-farmer-association-karachi/>

Karachi Times

Tribunal rejects Karachi dairy farmers' appeal against penalties

The Competition Appellate Tribunal (CAT) has dismissed an appeal by the Dairy Farmer Association Karachi (DFAK) against fines imposed for price-fixing.

Last December, the Competition Commission of Pakistan (CCP) penalized representatives of three Karachi dairy associations for colluding to raise milk prices, violating the Competition Act, 2010.

During the hearing, CAT ruled the appeal invalid since DFAK itself was not fined—only its representative was. The association then withdrew its appeal.

The fines included Rs1 million on Shakir Umer Gujjar (Dairy and Cattle Farmers Association), and Rs500,000 each on Haji Akhtar Gujjar (DFAK) and Haji Sikandar Nagori (Karachi Dairy Farmers Association).

The CCP launched its inquiry after reports of rising milk prices in Karachi. Investigations confirmed price manipulation, impacting consumers citywide.

<https://timesofkarachi.pk/61701-tribunal-rejects-karachi-dairy-farmers-appeal-against-penalties/>

The Destination

CAT Rejects Dairy Farmer Association Karachi's Appeal, Resumes Hearings

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CAT accepted the CCP's legal position and directed the appellant's counsel to withdraw the appeal. With the appellant's consent, the Tribunal subsequently dismissed the appeal as withdrawn.

<https://dailythdestination.com/cat-rejects-dairy-farmer-association-karachis-appeal-resumes-hearings/>

Custom Today

CAT resumes hearings, dismisses appeal of dairy farmer association Karachi

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<https://customstoday.media/cat-resumes-hearings-dismisses-appeal-of-dairy-farmer-association-karachi/>



کمیٹیشن انویسٹمنٹ ٹریڈنگ نے ڈیری فارمر
ایسوسی ایشن کراچی کی اپیل خارج کر دی
اسلام آباد (کامرس رپورٹر) حکومت کی جانب
سے کمیٹیشن انویسٹمنٹ ٹریڈنگ کے چیئرمین اور اراکین
کی تعیناتی کے بعد انویسٹمنٹ ٹریڈنگ نے بعد ایک بار
پھر سے درخواستوں کی سماعت شروع کر دی ہے۔
ہفتی سلسلہ 6 نمبر 4

تجربہ اپیل خارج 4

آج ہمارے دھتے کے بعد چکی پار سمیت کرتے ہوئے
 ٹریڈنگ نے ڈیری فارمرز ایسوسی ایشن کراچی کی اپیل
 واپس لینے پر خارج کر دی ہے۔ دوران سمیت
 کمیٹیوں کیس کے وکیل نے موقف اختیار کیا کہ
 اپیل کنندہ کی درخواست ناقابل سمیت ہے کیونکہ
 کمیٹیوں کیس نے اپیل کنندہ ڈیری فارمرز ایسوسی
 ایشن کے خلاف کوئی حکم جاری نہیں کیا۔ ڈیری فارمرز
 ایسوسی ایشن کراچی سوسائٹی رجسٹریشن ایکٹ 1860
 کے تحت قائم کی گئی ایک سوسائٹی ہے۔ ٹریڈنگ کو بتایا گیا
 کہ کمیٹیوں کیس کی جانب سے برآمد ڈیری فارمرز
 ایسوسی ایشن کراچی کے نمائندوں کو کیا گیا ہے۔ کمیٹیوں
 کیس نے ٹریڈنگ سے کمیٹیوں کیس کے وکیل سے اتفاق
 کرتے ہوئے اپیل کنندہ کے وکیل کو اپیل واپس لینے
 کی ہدایت کی۔ بعد ازاں، اپیل کنندہ کی رضامندی کے
 بعد ڈیری فارمرز ایسوسی ایشن کراچی کے وکیل نے اپنی اپیل
 واپس لے لی، جسے ٹریڈنگ نے خارج کر دیا۔

DAILY DUNYA ISLAMABAD www.dunya.com.pk

روزنامہ دنیا

سلاسل

SATURDAY, MARCH 22, 2025

جلد نمبر 31 | 21 مارچ 1446 | 22 مارچ 2025 | 9-2025 | 22 مارچ 2025

فون نمبر: 051-2891830 | فیکس نمبر: 051-2891814 | سنا 30

مسابقتی ٹریڈنگ دوبارہ فعال، ڈیری فارمرز ایسوسی ایشن کی اپیل خارج

ایسوسی ایشن نے اپیل کنندہ ڈیری فارمرز ایسوسی ایشن کے خلاف کوئی حکم جاری نہیں کیا، وکیل

اسلام آباد (دنیا رپورٹ) مسابقتی ٹریڈنگ دوبارہ فعال، چیئر مین اور اراکین کی تعیناتی کے بعد
 ٹریڈنگ نے ایک بار پھر سے درخواستوں کی
 سمیت شروع کر دی۔ آج ہمارے دھتے کے بعد چکی
 پار سمیت کرتے ہوئے ٹریڈنگ نے ڈیری فارمرز ایسوسی
 ایشن کراچی کی اپیل واپس لینے پر خارج کر دی
 ہے۔ دوران سمیت مسابقتی کمیٹیوں کے وکیل نے موقف
 اختیار کیا کہ اپیل کنندہ کی درخواست ناقابل سمیت
 ہے کیونکہ کمیٹیوں نے اپیل کنندہ ڈیری فارمرز ایسوسی
 ایشن کے خلاف کوئی حکم جاری نہیں کیا۔ ڈیری فارمرز
 ایسوسی ایشن کراچی سوسائٹی رجسٹریشن ایکٹ 1860
 کے تحت قائم کی گئی ایک سوسائٹی ہے۔

کمپیشن ایبلٹ ٹریبونل دوبارہ فعال
پہلی سماعت پر ڈیری فارمرز کی اپیل خارج
اسلام آباد (آئن لائن) کمپیشن ایبلٹ ٹریبونل دوبارہ فعال کر دیے گئے۔ سماعتوں کا آغاز 8 ماہ بعد ہوا، ٹریبونل نے پہلی سماعت آج کی، ڈیری فارمرز ایسوسی ایشن کی اپیل خارج کر دی گئی۔ ٹریبونل نے درخواست ناقابل سماعت (باقی صفحہ 6 بقیہ نمبر 12)

اپریل 12

قراردے دی، ناقابل سماعت ہونے پر ڈیری فارمرز ایسوسی ایشن نے اپیل واپس لے لی۔ کمپیشن ایبلٹ ٹریبونل نے اپنے سو فیصد میں کہا کہ جرماتہ افراد پر کیا گیا، تنظیم پر نہیں اپیل کنندہ کے خلاف کوئی حکم جاری نہیں ہوا جبکہ اپیل کنندہ کے وکیل کو اپیل واپس لینے کی ہدایت کی ہے۔ کمپیشن نے کہا کہ تین ڈیری ایسوسی ایشنز کے نمائندوں پر جرماتہ ہمارے ہمارے تھے، 100 کی قیمتوں پر اثر انداز ہونے پر جرماتہ گئے۔ خارج رہے گھیل عمر گھر پر 10 لاکھ، خیر گھر و سکندر گھر پر 5.5 لاکھ جرماتہ کیا گیا تھا، ڈیری فارمرز ایسوسی ایشنز کے نمائندے 100 کی قیمتیں نقص کرنے میں ملوث پائے گئے۔

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کمپیشن ایبلٹ ٹریبونل نے ڈیری فارمر ایسوسی ایشن کراچی کی اپیل خارج کر دی
مسابقتی ایبلٹ ٹریبونل (سی اے ٹی) نے ڈیری فارمر ایسوسی ایشن کراچی (ڈی ایف اے کے) کی جانب سے دائر کی گئی اپیل کو واپس لیے جانے کے بعد خارج کر دیا۔

سماعت کے دوران ٹریبونل کو آگاہ کیا گیا کہ اپیل قابل سماعت نہیں کیونکہ درخواست گزار کے خلاف کوئی فیصلہ نہیں دیا گیا تھا۔

جمعہ کو جاری بیان کے مطابق مسابقتی کمیشن آف پاکستان (سی سی پی) کے وکیل نے واضح کیا کہ ڈی ایف اے کے سوسائٹیز رجسٹریشن ایکٹ 1860 کے تحت ایک سوسائٹی کے طور پر رجسٹرڈ ہے اور زیر بحث جرمانہ ایسوسی ایشن کے بجائے اس کے نمائندے پر عائد کیا گیا تھا۔

مسابقتی ایپلٹ ٹریبونل نے سی سی پی کے قانونی موقف کو تسلیم کرتے ہوئے اپیل کنندہ کے وکیل کو اپیل واپس لینے کی ہدایت کی۔ اپیل کنندہ کی رضامندی سے ٹریبونل نے اپیل خارج کر دی۔

گزشتہ سال دسمبر میں، سی سی پی نے کراچی کی تین ڈیری ایسوسی ایشنز کے نمائندوں پر ملی بھگت کے ذریعے تازہ دودھ کی کی خلاف (a)(2) قیمت پر اثر انداز ہونے کے الزام میں جرمانے عائد کیے جو مسابقتی ایکٹ 2010 کے سیکشن 4(1) اور 4 ورزی تھی۔

کمپٹیشن کمیشن نے ڈیری اینڈ کیٹل فارمرز ایسوسی ایشن (ڈی سی ایف اے) کے شاکر عمر گجر پر 10 لاکھ روپے کے جرمانے عائد کیے۔ کراچی ڈیری فارمرز ایسوسی ایشن (ڈی سی ایف اے) کے حاجی اختر گجر اور کراچی ڈیری فارمرز ایسوسی ایشن (ڈی سی ایف اے) کے حاجی سکندر ناگوری پر فی کس 5 لاکھ روپے جرمانہ عائد کیا گیا۔

بیان کے مطابق کمپٹیشن کمیشن نے کراچی میں دودھ کی قیمتوں میں غیر معمولی اضافے سے متعلق میڈیا رپورٹس کے بعد تحقیقات کا آغاز کیا۔

تحقیقات میں ثابت ہوا کہ یہ تینوں ایسوسی ایشنز، جو دودھ کی سپلائی چین کے مختلف مراحل پر کام کر رہی تھیں، غیر مسابقتی اقدامات میں ملوث تھیں، جس کے نتیجے میں کراچی اور اس کے گردونواح میں دودھ کی قیمتوں میں نمایاں اضافہ ہوا۔

<https://urdu.brecorder.com/news/40271033/>



کمپٹیشن ایپلٹ ٹریبونل دوبارہ فعال، پہلی سماعت پر ڈیری فارمز کی اپیل خارج

کمپٹیشن ایپلٹ ٹریبونل دوبارہ فعال کر دیئے گئے سماعتوں کا آغاز 8 ماہ بعد ہوا، ٹریبونل نے پہلی سماعت آج کی، ڈیری فارمرز ایسوسی ایشن کی اپیل خارج کر دی گئی۔ ٹریبونل نے درخواست ناقابل سماعت قرار دے دی، ناقابل سماعت ہونے پر ڈیری فارمرز ایسوسی ایشن نے اپیل واپس لے لی۔

کمپٹیشن کمیشن نے اپنے موقف میں کہا کہ جرمانہ افراد پر کیا گیا، تنظیم پر نہیں اپیل کنندہ کے خلاف کوئی حکم جاری نہیں ہوا جبکہ اپیل کنندہ کے وکیل کو اپیل واپس لینے کی ہدایت کی ہے۔

کمیشن نے کہا کہ تین ڈیری ایسوسی ایشنز کے نمائندوں پر جرمانے عائد کئے تھے، دودھ کی قیمتوں پر اثر انداز ہونے پر جرمانے لگے۔ واضح رہے شکیل عمر گجر پر 10 لاکھ، اختر گجر و سکندر ناگوری پر 5، 5 لاکھ جرمانہ کیا گیا تھا، ڈیری فارمرز ایسوسی ایشنز کے نمائندے دودھ کی قیمتیں فکس کرنے میں ملوث پائے گئے۔

<https://www.urdupoint.com/daily/livenews/2025-03-21/news-4370572.html>

کمپٹیشن ایپلٹ ٹریبونل دوبارہ فعال، پہلی سماعت پر ڈیری فارمز کی اپیل خارج

اسلام آباد (مانیٹرنگ ڈیسک) کمپٹیشن ایپلٹ ٹریبونل دوبارہ فعال کر دیے گئے سماعتوں کا آغاز آٹھ ماہ بعد ہوا، ٹریبونل نے پہلی سماعت کی، ڈیری فارمرز ایسوسی ایشن کی اپیل خارج کر دی گئی۔ ٹریبونل نے درخواست ناقابل سماعت قرار دے دی، ناقابل سماعت ہونے پر ڈیری فارمرز ایسوسی ایشن نے اپیل واپس لے لی۔ کمپٹیشن کمیشن نے اپنے موقف میں کہا کہ جرمانہ افراد پر کیا گیا، تنظیم پر نہیں اپیل کنندہ کے خلاف کوئی حکم جاری نہیں ہوا جبکہ اپیل کنندہ کے وکیل کو اپیل واپس لینے کی ہدایت کی ہے۔ کمیشن نے کہا تھا کہ تین ڈیری ایسوسی ایشنز کے نمائندوں پر جرمانے عائد کئے تھے، دودھ کی قیمتوں پر اثر انداز ہونے پر جرمانے لگے۔

<https://dailypakistan.com.pk/22-Mar-2025/1818624>



کمپٹیشن ایپلٹ ٹریبونل دوبارہ فعال، ڈیری فارمرز ایسوسی ایشن کراچی کی اپیل خارج

حکومت کی جانب سے کمپٹیشن ایپلٹ ٹریبونل کے چیئرمین اور اراکین کی تعیناتی کے بعد، ایپلٹ ٹریبونل نے بعد ایک بار پھر سے درخواستوں کی سماعت شروع کر دی ہے۔ آٹھ ماہ کے وقفے کے بعد پہلی بار سماعت کرتے ہوئے ٹریبونل نے ڈیری فارمرز ایسوسی ایشن کراچی کی اپیل واپس لینے پر خارج کر دی ہے۔

دوران سماعت کمپٹیشن کمیشن کے وکیل نے موقف اختیار کیا کہ اپیل کنندہ کی درخواست ناقابل سماعت ہے کیونکہ کمپٹیشن کمیشن نے اپیل کنندہ 'ڈیری فارمرز ایسوسی ایشن' کے خلاف کوئی حکم جاری نہیں کیا۔ ڈیری فارمرز ایسوسی ایشن کراچی سوسائٹی رجسٹریشن ایکٹ 1860 کے تحت قائم کی گئی ایک سوسائٹی ہے۔ ٹریبونل کو بتایا گیا کہ کمپٹیشن کمیشن کی جانب سے جرمانہ ڈیری فارمرز ایسوسی ایشن کراچی کے نمائندوں کو کیا گیا ہے۔

کمپٹیشن ایپلٹ ٹریبونل نے کمپٹیشن کمیشن کے دلائل سے اتفاق کرتے ہوئے اپیل کنندہ کے وکیل کو اپیل واپس لینے کی ہدایت کی۔ بعد ازاں، اپیل کنندہ کی رضامندی کے بعد ڈیری فارمرز ایسوسی ایشن کراچی کے وکیل نے اپنی اپیل واپس لے لی، جسے ٹریبونل نے خارج کر دیا۔

یاد رہے کہ کمپٹیشن کمیشن نے دسمبر 2024 میں کراچی کی تین ڈیری ایسوسی ایشنز پر تازہ دودھ کی قیمتوں پر اثر انداز ہونے کے تحت جرمانے عائد کیے۔ (a)(2) کے الزامات ثابت ہونے پر کمپٹیشن ایکٹ 2010 کے سیکشن 4(1) اور 4

کمپٹیشن کمیشن کے فیصلے کے مطابق، ڈیری اینڈ کیٹل فارمرز ایسوسی ایشن کے نمائندہ شکیل عمر گجر پر 10 لاکھ روپے جبکہ ڈیری فارمرز ایسوسی ایشن کراچی کے نمائندہ حاجی اختر گجر اور کراچی ڈیری فارمرز ایسوسی ایشن کے نمائندہ حاجی سکندر نگوری پر 5، 5 لاکھ روپے کے جرمانے عائد کیے گئے تھے۔

قبل ازیں، کمپٹیشن کمیشن نے کراچی میں دودھ کی قیمتوں میں نمایاں اضافے سے متعلق متعدد میڈیا رپورٹس اور مضامین کے بعد اس معاملے کی انکوائری کا آغاز کیا تھا۔ کمیشن کی تحقیقات میں انکشاف ہوا کہ کراچی میں تازہ دودھ فراہم کرنے والی مذکورہ تینوں ایسوسی ایشنز غیر مسابقتی سرگرمیوں میں ملوث ہیں جن سے کراچی اور نواحی علاقوں میں دودھ کی قیمتوں میں اضافہ اور صارفین متاثر ہو رہے تھے۔

<https://urdu.bloompakistan.com/archives/31381>



ڈیری فارمز کی اپیل پہلی سماعت پر خارج، کمپٹیشن ایبلٹ ٹریبونل دوبارہ فعال

اسلام آباد (بیورو رپورٹ) ڈیری فارمز کی اپیل پہلی سماعت پر خارج، کمپٹیشن ایبلٹ ٹریبونل دوبارہ فعال کر دیے گئے، سماعتوں کا آغاز 8 ماہ بعد ہوا، ٹریبونل نے درخواست ناقابل سماعت قرار دیدی، ناقابل سماعت ہونے پر ڈیری فارمز ایسوسی ایشن نے اپیل واپس لے لی، کمپٹیشن کمیشن نے موقف میں کہا جرمانہ افراد پر کیا گیا، تنظیم پر نہیں اپیل کنندہ کیخلاف کوئی حکم جاری نہیں ہوا جبکہ اپیل کنندہ کے وکیل کو اپیل واپس لینے کی ہدایت کردی۔

<https://mashriqakhbar.com.pk/singlenews/id119317>